

Embedded and ambient systems

2020.09.09.

Practice 1



Méréstechnika és
Információs Rendszerek
Tanszék

Preliminary

- Check the web site of the course:
www.mit.bme.hu/eng/oktatas/targyak/VIMIAC06
- See menu on the left

Embedded and ambient systems


- > Official page on the faculty Web
- > Final exam
- > Homework
- > Midterm exam
- > **Practice**
- > Requirements
- > Textbooks and resources

Embedded and ambient systems


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VIMIAC06
B.Sc. Program > BSc in Electrical Engineering (current) > Embedded and control systems specialization - MIT, IIT, AUT (current)
Official page on the faculty Web

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Preliminary

Related pages

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- > Official page on the faculty Web
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Practice

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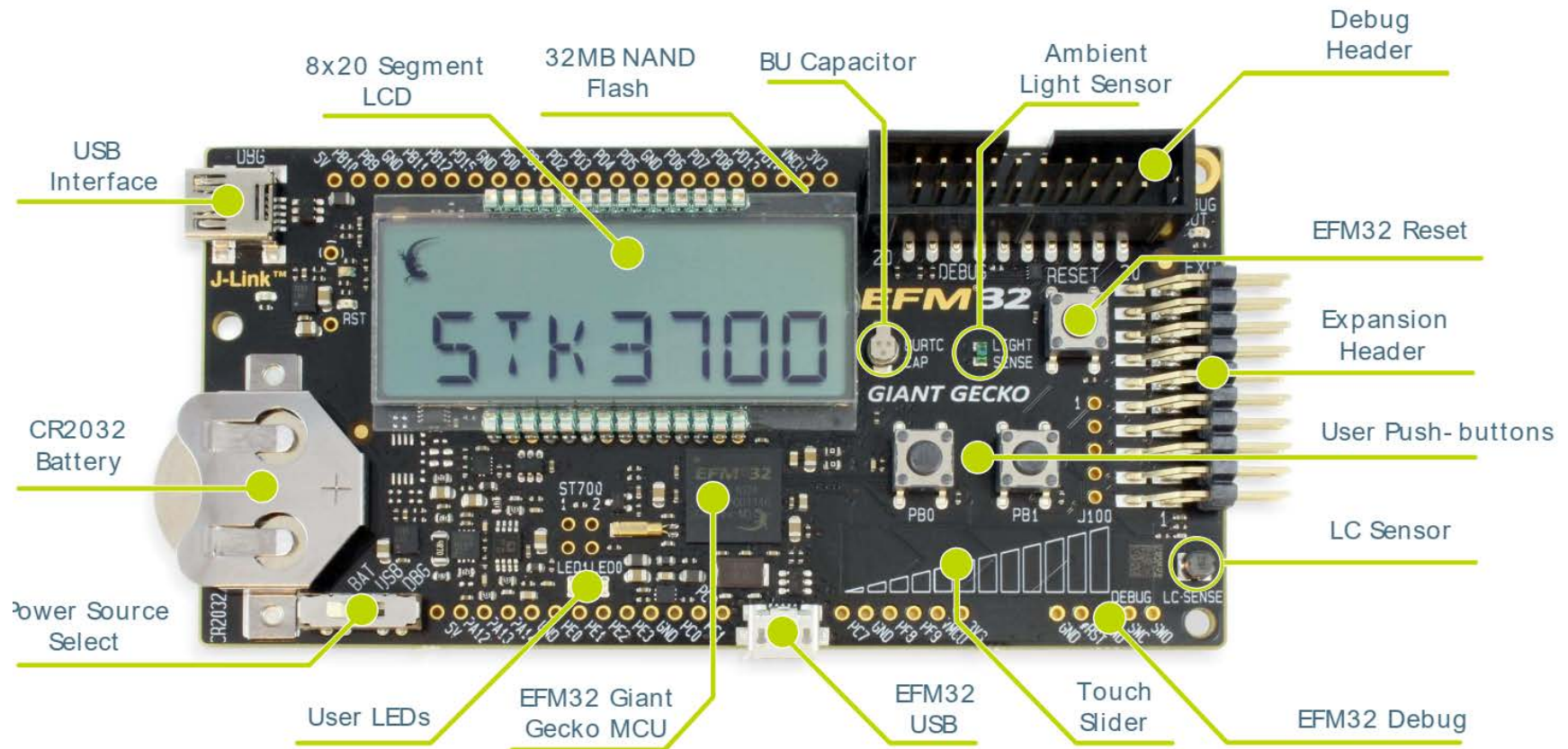
Practice materials will appear during the semester!

References available here:

http://home.mit.bme.hu/~krebesz/bambi_angol/references/

Submitted by Krébesz Tamás István on 2020. September 7. 18:57 | Last updated: 2020. September 9. 09:57

1) Development board: EFM32GG-STK3700

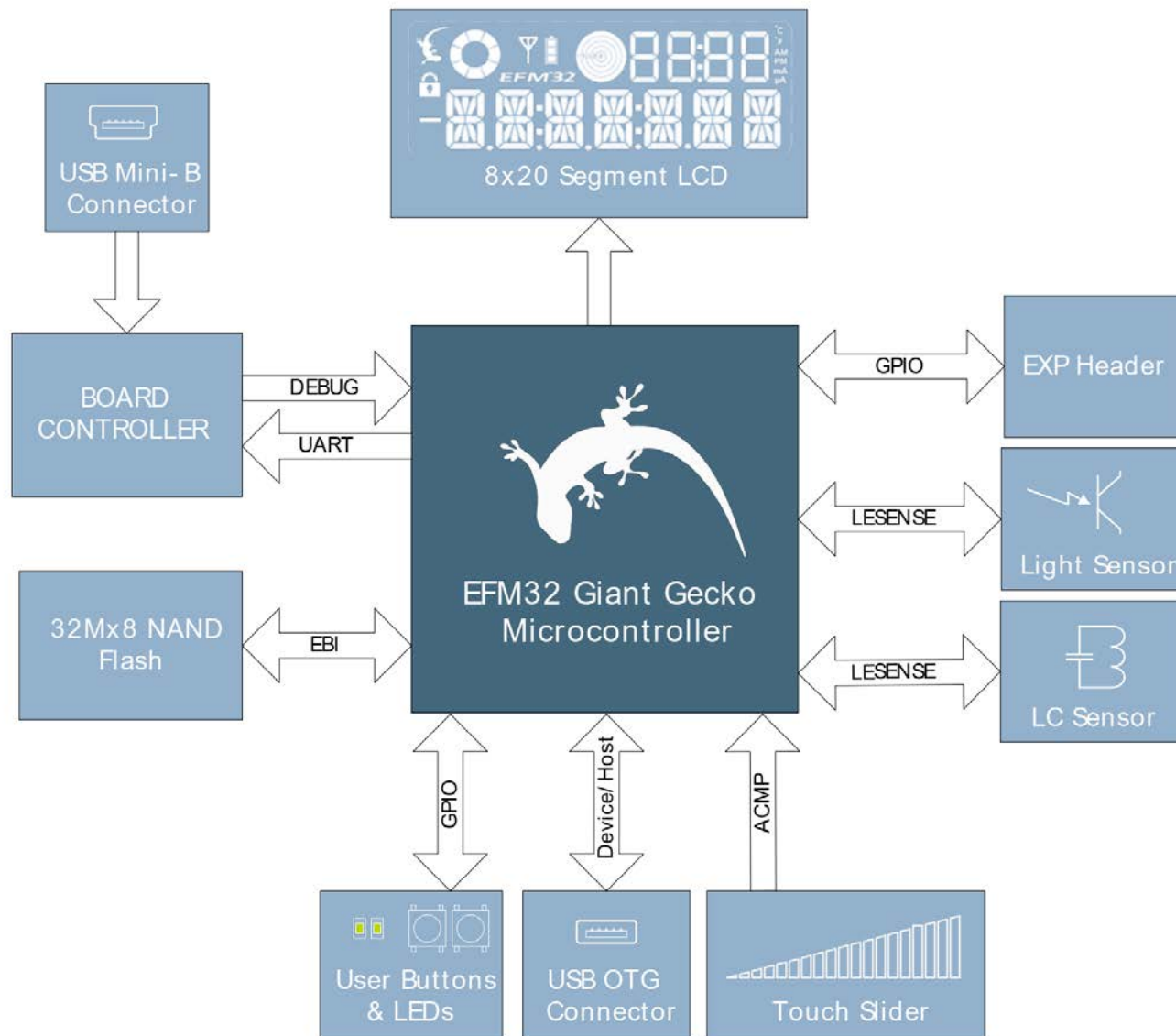


- <https://www.silabs.com/development-tools/mcu/32-bit/efm32gg-starter-kit>

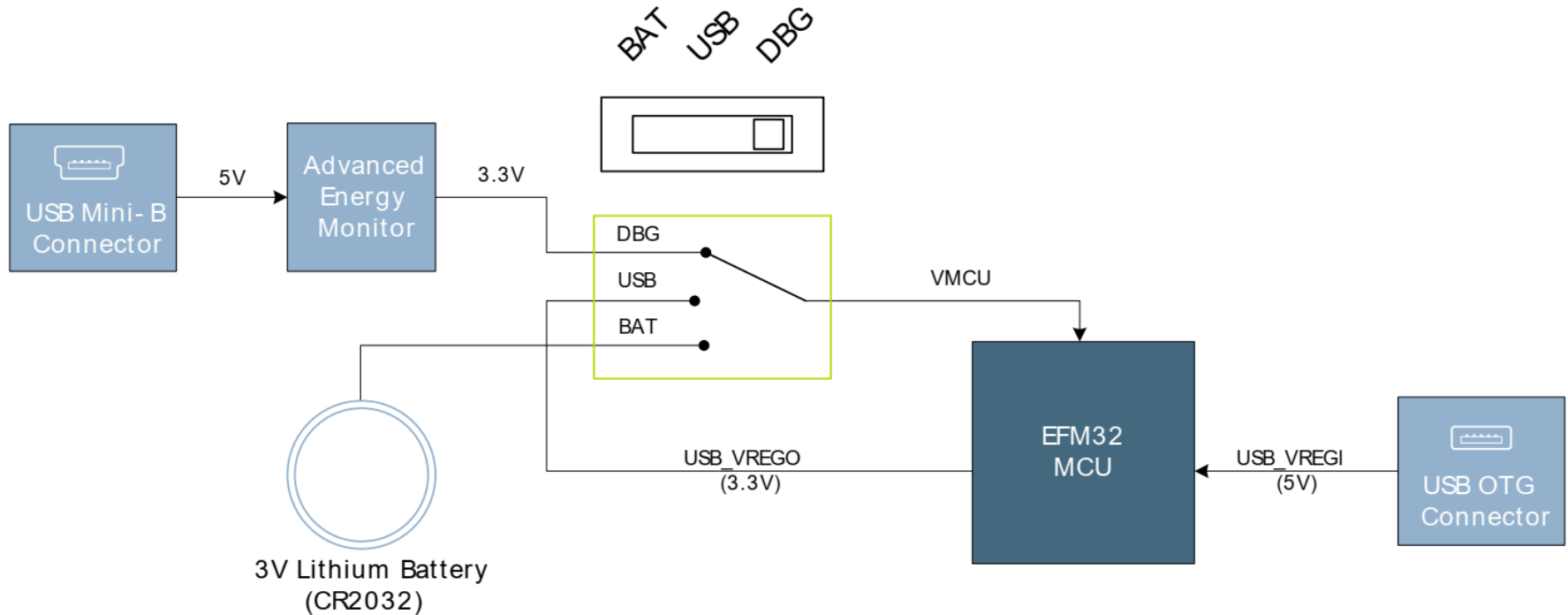
1.1) Main features

- EFM32GG990F1024 MCU with 1 MB Flash and 128 KB RAM.
- Advanced Energy Monitoring system for precise current tracking.
- Integrated Segger J-Link USB debugger/emulator with debug out functionality.
- 160 segment Energy Micro LCD.
- 20 pin expansion header.
- Breakout pads for easy access to I/O pins.
- Power sources include USB and CR2032 battery.
- 2 user buttons, 2 user LEDs and a touch slider.
- Ambient Light Sensor and Inductive-capacitive metal sensor.
- EFM32 OPAMP footprint.
- 32 MB NAND Flash.
- USB Micro-AB (OTG) connector.
- 0.03F Super Capacitor for backup power domain.
- Crystals for LFXO and HFXO: 32.768kHz and 48.000MHz.

1.2) Block diagram

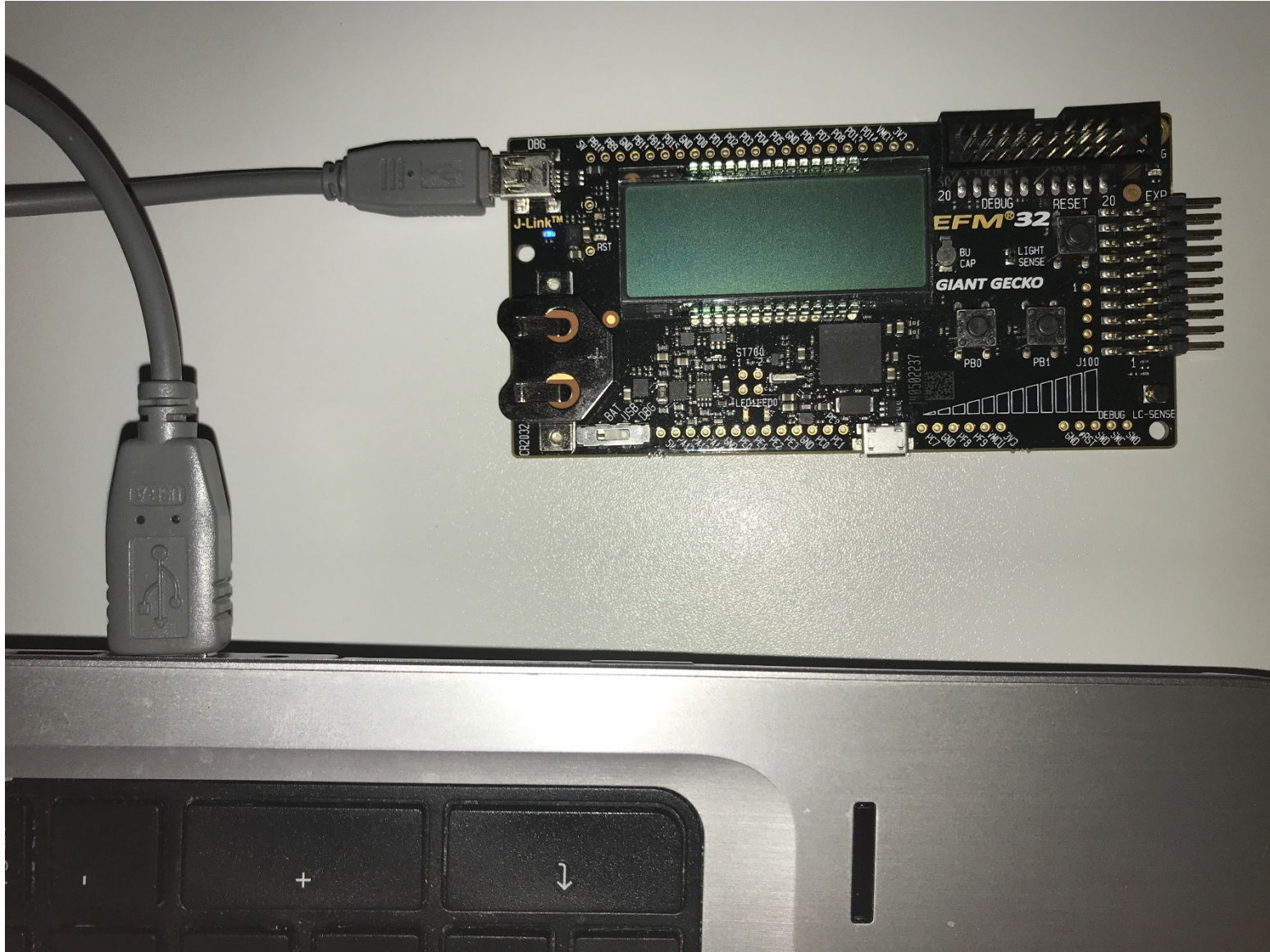


1.3) Power supply

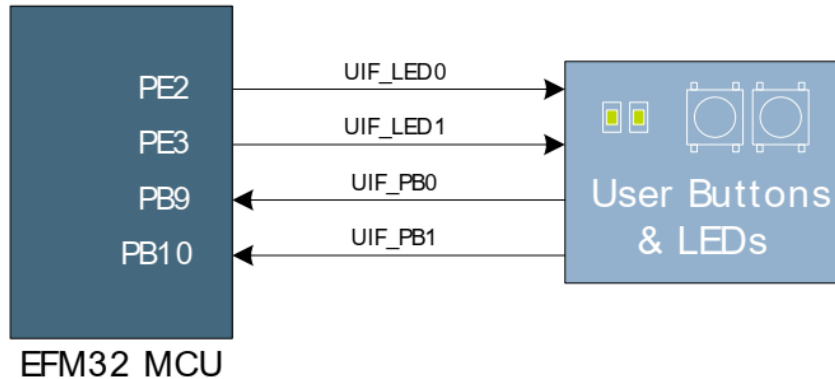


- DBG: via on-board debugger energy monitor can be used (use this)
- BAT: use CR2032 battery
- USB: MCU integrated voltage regulator is used

1.3) Power supply and proper connection

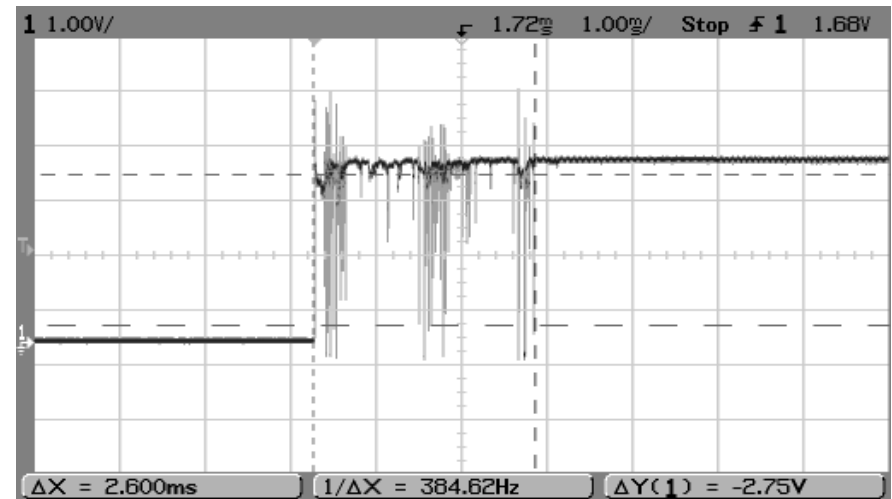
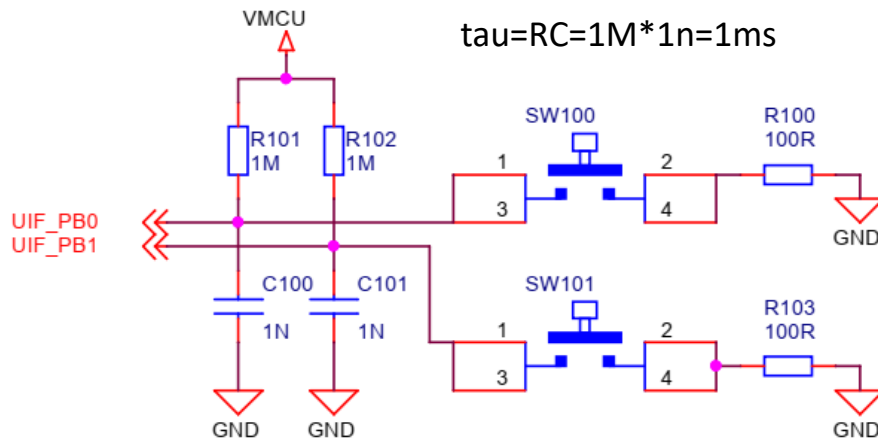


1.4) Peripherals-Buttons/LEDs

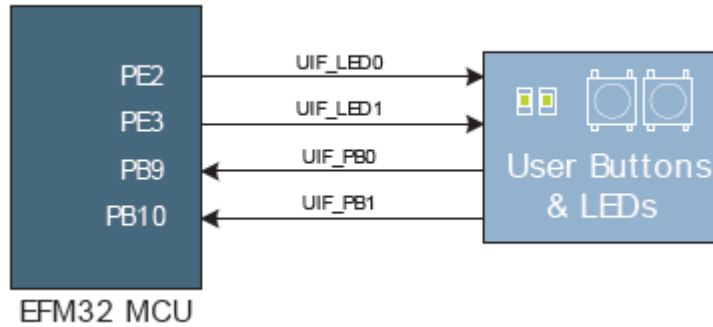


PB0=push button nr. 0
PB9=9th bit of port B
PE3=3rd bit of port E

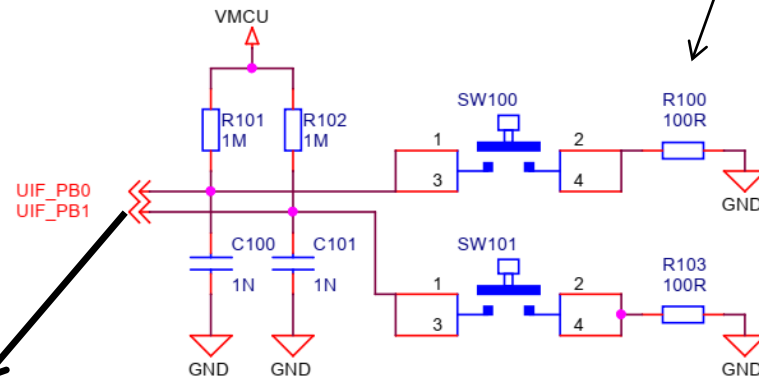
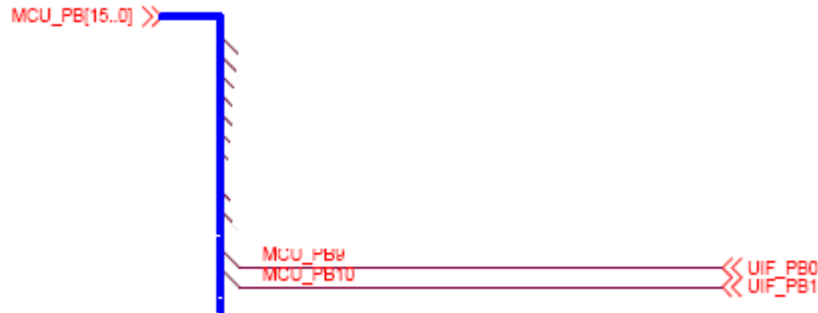
- Push buttons are debounced by RC filter to avoid:



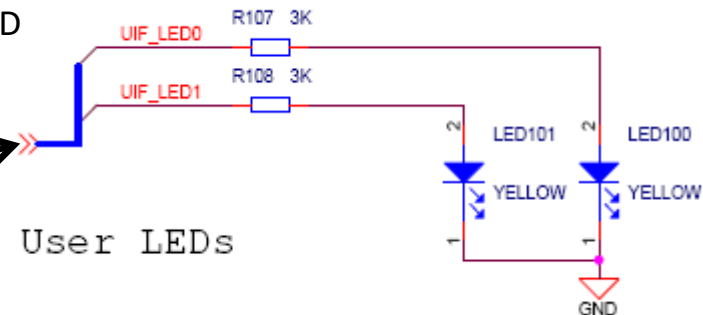
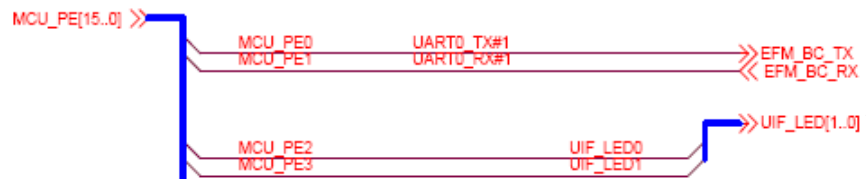
1.4) Peripherals-Buttons/LEDs



Protection in case PB9 or PB10 pins are set to output by accident



LED shunt resistor: $(3.3V-2V)/3k\Omega \approx 0.4mA$
 Approx. 1mA...10mA current and 1.5...2V is expected on a LED



1.5) Board Controller

- Responsible for controlling board level tasks like debugger and Advanced Energy Monitor
- Interface is provided between the EFM32 and the board controller in the form of a UART connection
 - Set the EFM_BC_EN (PF7) line high
 - Use the lines
EFM_BC_TX (PE0)
and
EFM_BC_RX (PE1)
- Board Support Package (bsp) is to be installed

2) Integrated Development Environment

- Integrated development environment (IDE):
Simplicity Studio 4
- www.silabs.com/products/development-tools/software/simplicity-studio



2.1) Getting started with IDE-Launcher

Launcher - STK3700_blink_2/src/blink.c - Simplicity Studio™

File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help

Sign In Search

Views (Launcher is now active)

Launcher Simplicity IDE Debug

Debug Adapters

- J-Link Silicon Labs (440019119)
 - EFM32 Giant Gecko Starter Kit (EFM32GG-STK3700)
 - EFM32 Giant Gecko Starter Kit board (BRD2200A Rev A03)
 - EFM32GG990F1024

Connected board

Welcome to Simplicity Studio

To view content, select a kit or board in the Debug Adapters or My Products view.

New Project Recent Projects

Getting Started Documentation Compatible Tools Resources

Demos Software Examples SDK Documentation

Select a kit, board, or device to view content

[Change Preferred SDK](#)

For your help

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2.2) Getting started with IDE-Simplicity IDE

View (Simplicity IDE active)

The screenshot displays the Simplicity IDE interface with several key components highlighted by red rounded rectangles:

- Project Explorer:** Shows the project structure for 'STK3700_blink_2' under the 'GNU ARM v7.2.1 - Debug' configuration. The 'src' folder is expanded.
- Source Editor:** Displays the source code for 'blink.c', which includes a license header and C code for a blink demo. The code includes headers like `<stdint.h>`, `<stdbool.h>`, and various device-specific headers. It defines a `msTicks` variable and a `Delay` function.
- Debug Adapters:** Shows the configuration for the 'J-Link Silicon Labs' adapter connected to the 'EFM32 Giant Gecko Starter Kit board (BRD2200A Rev A03)'.
- Console:** Displays the output from the 'Adapter Pack Console', showing board information such as `boardId[0]=2200A`, `boardName[0]=BRD2200A Rev. A03`, and `boardDescription[0]=EFM32 Giant Gecko Starter Kit board`.

The 'Simplicity IDE' button in the top right corner is also highlighted with a red rectangle.

2.3) Getting started with IDE-Debug

Run Debug deploy and run

View (Debug active)

The screenshot shows the SImplicity Studio IDE interface during a debug session. Several key components are highlighted with red boxes:

- Run and Debug Buttons:** The 'Run' (play) and 'Debug' (bug) buttons in the top toolbar.
- Project Explorer:** Shows the project structure for 'Silicon Labs ARM MCU: EFM32GG990F1024' and the current file 'main() at blinkc:56 0x1368'.
- Variables Panel:** A table showing the current state of variables.

Name	Type	Value	Location
msTicks	volatile uint32_t	0	0x20000090
- Source Code Editor:** Displays the C code for 'blinkc.c', with the main function visible.

```
int main(void)
{
    /* Chip errata */
    CHIP_Init();

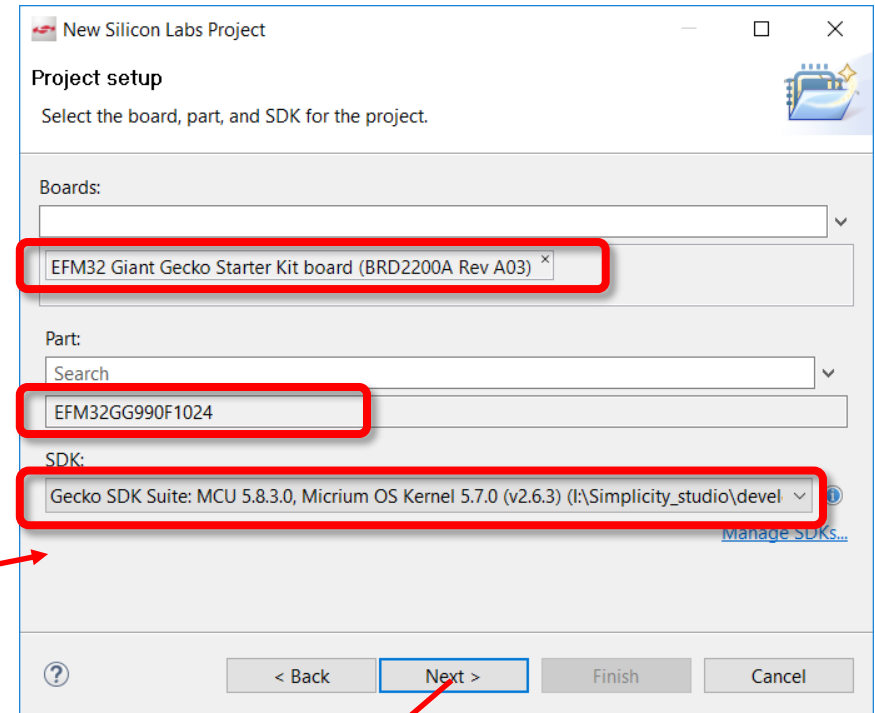
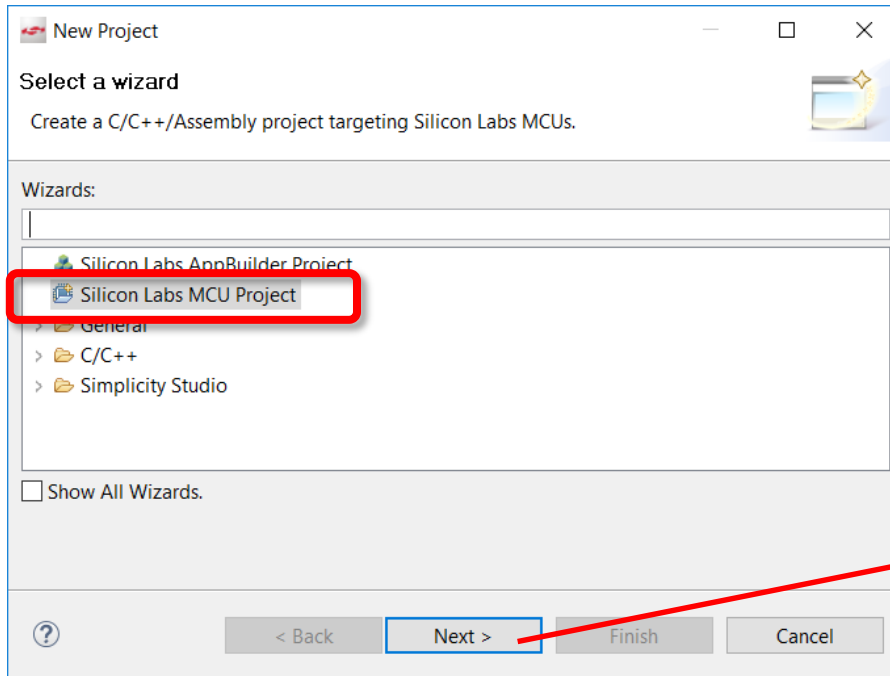
    /* If first word of user data page is non-zero, enable Energy Profiler trace */
    BSP_TraceProfilerSetup();

    /* Setup SysTick Timer for 1 msec interrupts */
    if (SysTick_Config(CMU_ClockFreqGet(cmuClock_CORE) / 1000)) {
        while (1);
    }
}
```
- Disassembly Panel:** Shows the assembly code for the 'main' function, with the first instruction highlighted.

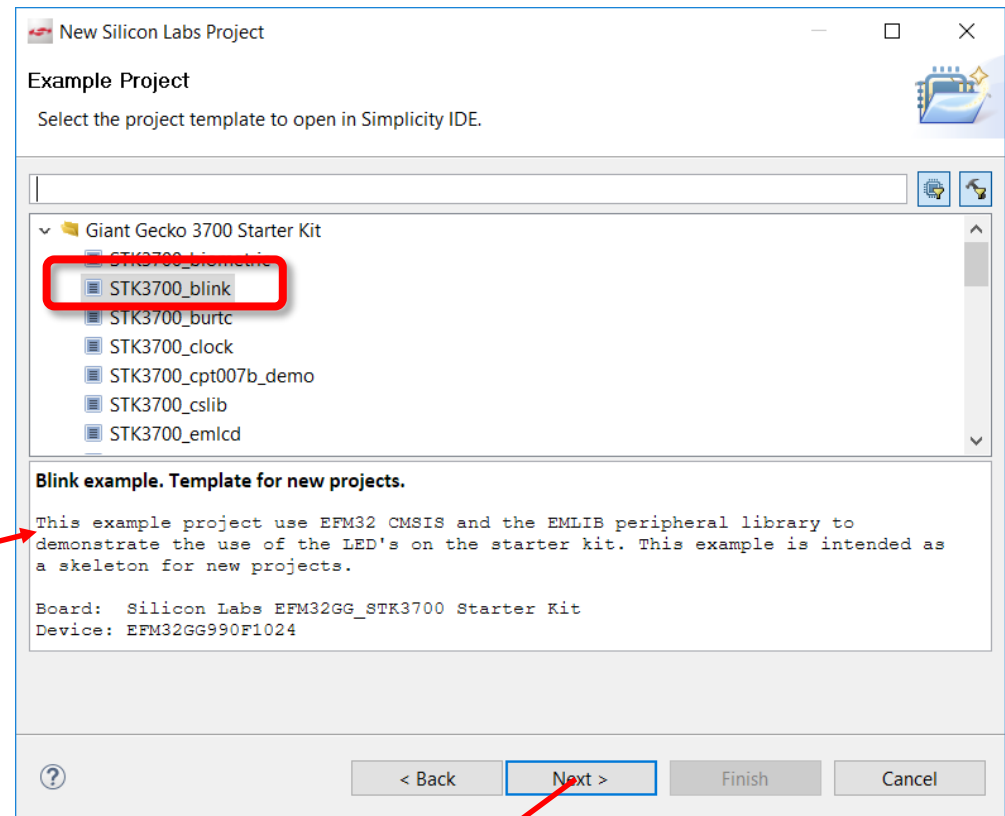
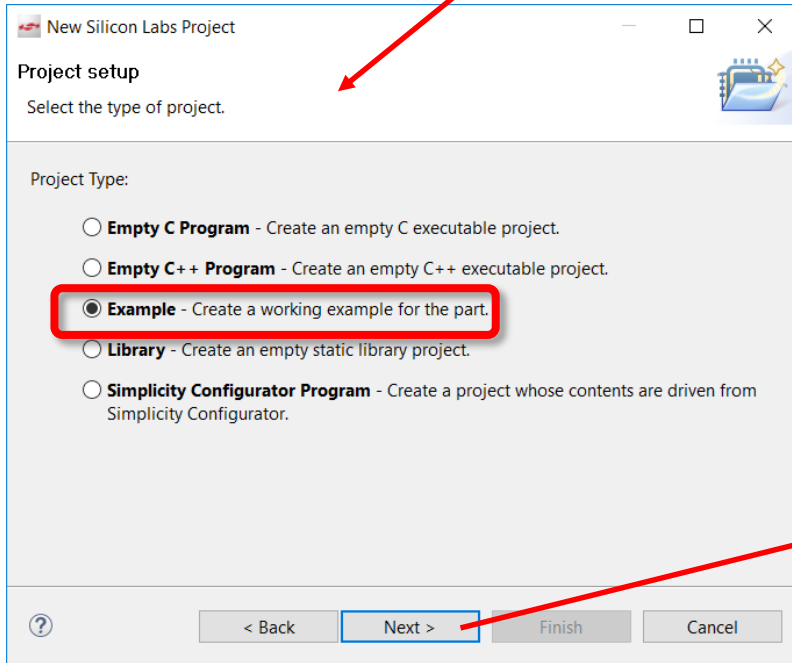
```
main:
00001368: push    {r7,lr}
0000136a: add    r7,sp,#0x0
58      CHIP_Init();
0000136c: bl     0x000012d8
61      BSP_TraceProfilerSetup();
00001370: bl     0x00000398
64      if (SysTick_Config(CMU_ClockFreqGet(cmuClock_CORE) / 1000)) {
00001374: ldr    r0,[pc,#0x3c] ; 0x13b0
00001376: bl     0x00000bc8
0000137a: mov    r2,r0
0000137c: ldr    r3,[pc,#0x38] ; 0x13b4
0000137e: umull r2,r3,r3,r2
00001382: lsr   r3,r3,#6
00001384: mov    r0,r3
```
- Console Panel:** Shows the 'Program Output Console' at the bottom.

3) Start a new project

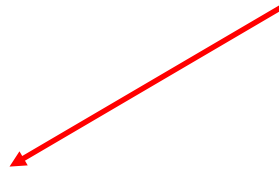
■ File->New->Project:



3) Start a new project



3) Start a new project



New Silicon Labs Project

Project Configuration

Select the project name and location.

Project name:

Use default location

Location: Browse...

With project files:

Link to sources

Link sdk and copy project sources

Copy contents

4) Example project created

The screenshot displays the Simplicity IDE interface. The Project Explorer on the left shows a project named 'STK3700_blink_2' with subfolders for 'Binaries', 'Includes', 'BSP', 'CMSIS', 'emlib', 'GNU ARM v7.2.1 - Debug', and 'src'. The main editor window shows the source code for 'blink.c', which includes a license notice and several include directives. The Debug Adapters pane shows a J-Link Silicon Labs adapter connected to an EFM32 Giant Gecko Starter Kit board. The Console pane is empty.

```

/*****
 * @file
 * @brief Simple LED Blink Demo for EFM32GG_STK3700
 *****/
# License
 * <b>Copyright 2018 Silicon Laboratories Inc. www.silabs.com</b>
 *****/
 *
 * The licensor of this software is Silicon Laboratories Inc. Your use of this
 * software is governed by the terms of Silicon Labs Master Software License
 * Agreement (MSLA) available at
 * www.silabs.com/about-us/legal/master-software-license-agreement. This
 * software is distributed to you in Source Code format and is governed by the
 * sections of the MSLA applicable to Source Code.
 *****/

#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "em_device.h"
#include "em_chip.h"
#include "em_cm_u.h"
#include "em_em_u.h"
#include "bsp.h"
#include "bsp_trace.h"

volatile uint32_t msTicks; /* counts lms timeTicks */

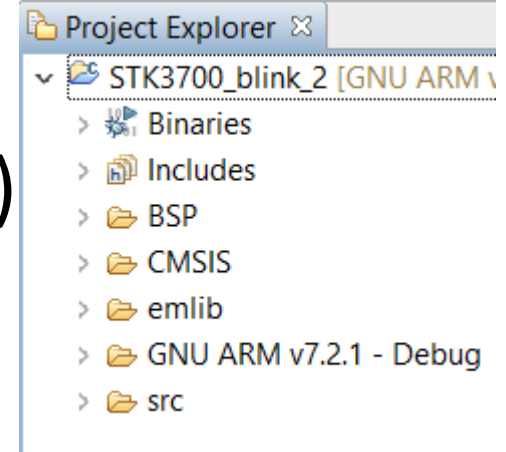
void Delay(uint32_t dlyTicks);

/*****
 * @brief SysTick Handler
 *****/










```

4.1) Project Explorer

- Binaries: “raw” files (hex, bin)
- Includes: header files (function defs)
- BSP: board support package
- CMSIS: core management
- emlib: manages the whole uC
- GNU... : compiled SW components
- src: source files



4.2) Debug mode

Icon	Command	Description
	Debug	The [Debug] button starts a new debug session. An active debug session must be disconnected before starting a new session using the same debug adapter.
	Resume	The [Resume] button runs the MCU after reset or after hitting a breakpoint.
	Suspend	The [Suspend] button halts the MCU.
	Disconnect	The [Disconnect] button terminates the current debug session and disconnects the debug adapter. The IDE will automatically switch back to the Development perspective.
	Reset the Device	The [Reset the Device] button performs a hardware reset on the MCU.
	Step Into	The [Step Into] button single steps into the first line of a function.
	Step Over	The [Step Over] button single steps over a function, executing the entire function.
	Step Return	The [Step Return] button steps out of a function, executing the rest of the function.
	Instruction Stepping Mode	The [Instruction Stepping Mode] button toggles assembly single stepping. When enabled, single steps will execute a single assembly instruction at a time. See the [Disassembly] view for the assembly code corresponding to the source code at the current line of execution.

4.2.1) Breakpoints

The screenshot displays the Simplicity Studio IDE interface. At the top, the menu bar includes File, Edit, Source, Refactor, Navigate, Search, Project, Run, Window, and Help. The toolbar contains various icons for file operations and debugging. The main workspace is divided into several panes:

- Project Explorer:** Shows the project structure for 'Silicon Labs ARM MCU: EFM32GG990F1024' and the file 'STK3700_blink_2.axf'.
- Breakpoints:** A red box highlights the 'Breakpoints' tab, which shows a single breakpoint set at 'blink.c [line: 35]' with a checked checkbox.
- Source Code:** The 'blink.c' file is open, showing the 'SysTick_Handler' function starting at line 35. A red box highlights the function signature 'void SysTick_Handler(void)'. A red arrow points from this box to the Breakpoints window.
- Disassembly:** The 'Disassembly' window shows the assembly code for the 'main' function, starting at address 00001368.
- Console:** The 'Program Output Console' is visible at the bottom.

- Right click on the line to be able to add Breakpoint

4.2.2) Register values

The screenshot shows the Simplicity Studio IDE interface. The top menu bar includes File, Edit, Source, Refactor, Navigate, Search, Project, Run, Window, and Help. The Project Explorer on the left shows the project structure: Silicon Labs ARM MCU: EFM32GG990F1024 > STK3700_blink_2.axf > main() at blinkc:56 0x1368. The Registers window is open and highlighted with a red circle, displaying a table of registers:

Name	Value	Description
ACMP0		ACMP0
ACMP1		ACMP1
I2C0		I2C0
I2C1		I2C1
GPIO		GPIO
PA_CTRL	0x0	PA CTRL
PA_MODEL	0x0	PA MODEL
PA_MODELH	0x0	PA MODELH

The main editor shows the source code for blinkc.c, with the SysTick_Handler function visible. The Disassembly window shows the assembly code for the main function, starting with a push instruction for registers r7 and lr.

```
56 {
main:
00001368: push  {r7,lr}
0000136a: add   r7,sp,#0x0
58 CHIP_Init();
0000136c: bl    0x000012d8
61 BSP_TraceProfilerSetup();
00001370: bl    0x00000398
64 if (SysTick_Config(CMU_ClockFr
00001374: ldr  r0,[pc,#0x3c] ; 0x13b0
00001376: bl    0x00000bc8
0000137a: mov  r2,r0
0000137c: ldr  r3,[pc,#0x38] ; 0x13b4
0000137e: umull r2,r3,r3,r2
00001380: lsr  r2,r2,#6
```

- Register content can be manipulated

4.2.2) Expressions

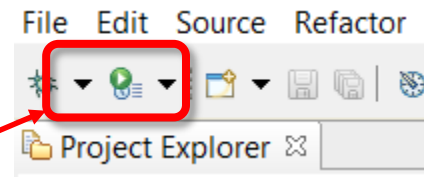
The screenshot shows the Simplicity Studio IDE interface. The top menu bar includes File, Edit, Source, Refactor, Navigate, Search, Project, Run, Window, and Help. The main workspace is divided into several panes:

- Project Explorer:** Shows the project structure for 'Silicon Labs ARM MCU: EFM32GG990F1024' and the file 'STK3700_blink_2.axf'.
- Expressions Window:** A table with columns 'Expression', 'Type', 'Value', and 'Address'. It contains a single row with a plus icon and the text 'Add new expression'. The entire window is highlighted with a red rounded rectangle.
- Code Editor:** Displays the source code for 'blink.c', showing a `Delay` function and a `SysTick_Handler` function.
- Disassembly Window:** Shows the assembly code for the `main` function, starting at address 00001368.
- Console:** Labeled 'Program Output Console', it is currently empty.

- Expressions can be entered, e.g.: `variable1+variable2`

5) Energy profiler

- Disable one LED (use e.g. comment `//`)
- Switch IDE mode and choose this icon



C	Function	Energy	Contribution (%)
JW	0xC8000000-0xC8000FFF	24.70 µWh	33.225%
JW	BSP_TraceProfilerSetup	1.72 µWh	2.311%
JW	0x013A8000-0x013A8FFF	159.12 nWh	0.214%
JW	0x00013000-0x00013FFF	135.76 nWh	0.182%

```
blinck
37 msTicks++; /* incremen
38 }
39
40 /*****
41 * @brief Delays number of msT
42 * @param dlyTicks Number of t
43 *****/
44 void Delay(uint32_t dlyTicks)
45 {
46     uint32_t curTicks;
47
48     curTicks = msTicks;
49     while ((msTicks - curTicks)
50 )
51 }
52 /*****
53 * @brief Main function
54 *****/
55 int main(void)
56 {
57     /* Chip errata */
58     CHIP_Init();
59
60     /* If first word of user dat
61     BSP_TraceProfilerSetup();
62
63     /* Setup SysTick Timer for 1
64     if (SysTick_Config(CMU_Clock
65         while (1) ;
66 }
67
68 /* Initialize LED driver */
69 BSP_LedsInit();
70 BSP_LedSet(0);
71
72 /* Infinite blink loop */
73 while (1) {
74     //BSP_LedToggle(0);
75     BSP_LedToggle(1);
76     Delay(1000);
77 }
78 }
79
```


7) Code development and manipulation

■ Some useful hints

○ Code completion by Content Assist

- type the first few letters of a function and press [**Ctrl+Space**]
 - display a list of functions that match
 - works for include files as well

○ Symbol expansion

- stay over a function and information will pop-up

○ Open declaration

- stay over a variable and press [**F3**]
 - Redirects where it was declared

7.1) Code development - #include

- Use a header file in your program by including it with the C preprocessing directive **#include**
- Two forms exist:
 - #include <file>
Used for system header files. It searches for a file named 'file' in a standard list of system directories.
 - #include "file"
Used for header files of your own program. It searches for a file named 'file' in the directory containing the current file.

7.2) Code explanation

- `void`
 - represents the absence of type
 - specifies that no value is available
- `volatile`
 - indicate that a value can change and the compiler should be prevented to perform optimization on it (which may lead to change the value into a constant)
- `CHIP_Init();`
 - HW errors are corrected in SW